NO. 19.

#### MISSISKOUI STANDARD

IS PUBLISHED

EVERY TUESDAY MORNING,

BY

J. D. GILMAN,

To whom all Communications must be addressed; and if by mail, post paid.

#### CRIMINAL COURT.

On Thursday last came on the trial of the individuals accused of she murder of the ill-fated volunteer Chartrand. The trial excited great interest, and the Court was crowded to excess. Among the most active, if not the most conspicuous, present, were a number of young lawyers, and other well known rebels. who were last winter domiciliated within the walls of the prison; or only escaped being so, by having enacted the parts of successful fugitives and sym pathy-seeking refugees. The Court was constituted as follows :----

On the Bench: Mr. Chief Justice Reid, Mr. Justice Pyke, Mr. Justice Rolland, Mr. Justice Gale.

Soon after nine o'cleck, Francois Nicho las, Amable Daunais, Joseph Pinsonnault, and Gideon Pinsonnault, were placed at the bar, on their trial for the murder of Joseph Armand dit Chartrand, on the 27th authority.... I accompanied Garant from fear after which he returned it, and peremptoof November last. The Counsel for the prisoners were Messrs. Walker, Charles Mondelet, and D. A. Laberge.

After a great number of challenges or behalf of the prisoners, the following panel was sworn to try the case. Michael Cadienx, Charles Rivet, Joseph Perras, Antoine Pare, Joseph D'Amour, Antoine Normandin, Francois Barbeau, Charles Morin, Andre Bouthillier, Francois Boyer, Hubert Chagnon, Pierre Corbeillo.

Mr. Solicitor General opened the case the Crown, in the most eloquent, imad pathetic speech we ever re-7e heard delivered in this

mithe first witness dea carpenter, reside at Lacant from home on horseback, on Monway, in the latter part of November last: was met by one Garant, Gideon Pinson- of command to fire. Beaulieu and the two nault, (one of the prisoners) and others .-Was forced to join the party, and accompanied it in the first place to an Inn, in the vicinity, kept by one Surprenant, where we We went from Surprenant's to the house gun in his hand swearing and ordering him prisoners then, they stopped a quarter of of one Eloi Roy, situated on the Grand Ligne, there we found Bissonet, Nicholas, Dannais and the other or Joseph Pinsonnault, & there it was that I first heard any thing of Chartrand, with whom I was unacquainted. It was declared that Chart- the deceased. Cannot say if the order to doned the design; I followed them, at Eloi rand was at David Roy's, whose house was the next nearest to us. Nicholas and Eloi Roy, junior, left us for the purpose of going to David Roy's, pretending their ob. ject was to examine the work going on ed, the party only spoke of going to St about a quarter of an hour's absence, Nich- terwards the latter idea was abandoned, going out of the house saw the man whom going to St. Charles. I afterwards knew to be Chartrand. He By Judge Rolland—The first fire was was on the road leading to St. Johns. On given at about forty-five feet from the deobserving him Nicholas and Grant both cri- ceased—the last fire at a like distance. ed out 'Come along my lads.'

We thereupon ran on, in a direction to intercept Chartrand. We had proceeded more than fifteen acres before he was overtaken by four of us. When we so overfour alluded to led him back to Nicholas.

he declared to have heard him utter; some there was a fence in the way to the wood held at my house, I advised them not to rant had authority to control me. of the party cried out 'Yes,' and thereup on either Nicholas or Beaulieu, (I am positive one of the wood Nicholas addressed Chartrand las then said, if we do not go, we will at Blairfindie—am a bailiff....was at Lore's Beaujarret, and is about a league and a half learned the name of the deceased. distant from St. Johns. After this party | Cross-examined - Never knew Chartrand left the spot, we separated: Nicholas went ...it was Garant who at first commanded towards Barnier, I returned to Eloi Roy's, the party....did not hear them talk of going and the others went home: it was then about to St. Charles-nobody said it was necessun set.... Chartrand wore blue cloth pantaloons, a black coat, and a blue camlet rant commanded me; did not hear them cloak. He was a tall man, and walked firmly and well, when I saw him pass while at Roy's; gave my gun to Gideon Roy's.

sisted of unmarried men. At Roy's reference was first made to Chartrand. Nicho- affair; I may have stated the las lived near Surprenant's ... did not hear confound Nicholas enjoin the young men at Surpre- but I was left to go to David Roy's. Beaulieu and but once. two others, I believe Ciroux and Ouimet, were the most active at the scene of the slaughter-cannot say who gave the word did not know. of command to fire. Beaulieu and the two Jacques Surprenant, lives at Lacadie, others stood nearest to Chartrand at the lived there in November last, kept a tavern. fire on the first occasion was given by Roy's they spoke of taking Chartrand pris-Beaulieu or Nicholas—on the second occar oner, they did not say where he was, they sion Beaulieu gave the order.

Re-examined - When Garant commandthere. Up to this period Garant had been | Charles; at Eloi Roy's some spoke of Charthe leader or captain of the party. After trand, and some of going to St. Charles; afolas and Garant went to Eloi Roy's. Al- the party being too few in number. When most immediately after their return, some they left Roy's it was in pursuit of Chartone (I believe one Maillou) came to the rand. The road they took was not the didoor and exclaimed, 'There he goes, now's rect road to St. Charles. After they left the time if you wish to follow him.' On the body they dispersed and none spoke of

By Judge Rolland-The first fire was

Barthelemy Poisson.... I am seventeen years old; I knew the prisoners at the bar \_named them....Nicholas was a schoolmaster at Lacadie, was there for more than a year; I know the othor prisoners since took him, Nicholas was in the rear. The my infancy-I live at Lacadie with my brothers-till I was sent to prison last fall, I We then about half a league from Eloi lived with my brothers-Ouimet and Gi-Roy's house. Nicholas, by signs with his roux last fall came to my brother's, and askcane, directed us to lead Chartrand into ed me to join a party to take St. Johns... the fields, which we did. Nicholas then I went taking a gun with me which I af took the lead and Chartrand was platerwards gave to Gideon Pinsonnault ... at ced in the centre of the party. We con- the Point de Paradis we found some others, ducted him to a small point of the wood, amongst the rest, one Langlois....we went man, that he wanted to devastate the Cote about 20 acres distant from any house, and thence to Surprenant's...the prisoners were there stopped. Nicholas then addressed all there...we each took a glass and then Chartrand, and asked him if it were true, went to Eloi Roy's-there the party enthat he had declared there were oxen or tered the house and sat down...we staid pigs fit for killing at some certain place, there about an hour and a half-I saw none which Nicholas did not however designate; of the party leave there. At the expira-Chartrand replied that he had no recollection of that period, either Nicholas or beaulieu said, let us go, it is time; thought then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out then in the house, Surprenatit and David Roy aside and but not to all of them before he went out the notation of the party reason and the party of the notation of the party of the new them to be not to all of the new the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new them to be not to all of the new asked him some other question having reference to the St. Johns Volunteers. Chart
depied by ing mode the grant of the said let us go, it is time; thought was some few remained the prisoners and I or twelve in unmber, came to my house;

-young Beaulieu accompanied him.

we left to join others to go to St. Johns was some few remained the prisoners and I or twelve in unmber, came to my house; rand denied having made the statement. Nicholas replied, 'You said it, I myself heard you; and added, you may now make your peace with God; then turning to his Joseph Pinsonnault, Daunais and others,

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party, Nicholas asked them if Chartrand overtook and made Chartrand prisoner. they told me they were going to St. charles - they were all armed and two of them concessions, respectively named Barnier, & or dead. It was after he had been shot I

sary to obey Garant.... I went because Gaspeak of going to St. Johns or St. Charles Cross-examined...Did not know Chartwhen we left Roy's Beaulieu and Nicholas rand-when I met the party, Garant had commanded the party; before Joseph Pinthe command.....they were fourteen in num-ber—Garant addressed me with an air of had taken away his gun and reloaded it; —Garant ordered me to accompany the party...Garant seized my horse by the bridle...said the party was going to St. Charles —I understood they were going there to fight...it had already been spoken of in the parish—I had not heard of the battle of St.

Charles — I arter which he returned it, and percentages rily commanded him to fire; did not hear what Joseph replied, Joseph was exceedingly agitated; was almost out of his wits; I was myself exceedingly agitated, so much so as not to be able to clearly remember all that had occurred: I distinctly heard charles — Lord all several and saw what I have exceeded and percentages. Charles. I and all accompanying Garant and saw what I have stated: am positive thought we were going to St. Charles-I of that; heard Nicholas give the command believe the prisoners thought so likewise. At the Point de Paradis four or five of the give the command at the same moment; party wanted to go back—the party con-

By Judge Rolland - When we left Roy's it was not stated where we were going: I

time of the second fire. When Chartrand I know Rene Garant, he came to my house to fire...threatening him if he declined. an hour, one of them carried a flag or ban-Witness was with the party, but did not ner, it was Nicholas who did so; they left fire; the three reloaded Joseph Pinson-my house to go to Eloi Roy's, before leavnault's gun and equally urged him to fire. ling they talked of going to St. Charles, I Cannot say that Joseph's last shot struck dissuaded them from going and they abanspoke of securing him with cords & chains and keeping him a prisoner; I went to David Roy's where I saw Chartrand; I told David Roy, the party intended to make Chartrand prisoner, and asked David Roy if he was of opinion to have him taken, Dan vid Roy said he was not, and I remarked he was right; Chartrand was between 30 and 40 years of age; I returned to Eloi Roy's, mounted my horse there and returned home; I was asked at Eloi Roy's by some one of the prisoners if I had seen Chartrand at David Roy's, I replied I had; Nicholas was at Eloi Roy's when I returns ed from David Roy's : I believe the oth-

ers were there also. cross-examined ... I did not invite Nicho las to go to my house, Nicholas never recommended the young men not to commit any depredation; Garant was in command, when Chartrand left my house. was the principal chief. They spoke of rant invited Nicholas to accompany them: ed, respecting chartrand, that he was a bad with fire and sword; when they spoke of chartrand they talked of merely making him prisoner, their conversation and proposals were open and undisguised.

ty at Eloi Roy's.

many may may grantly sid or that I an und

brother to David Roy, who lives about two stop-he promised he would do no he acres from me; Surprenant went to my and went on with the rest. I had seen brother's, cannot say if Nicholas did; Sur man they were in pursuit of pass or prenant returned to my house, but I was other side of the house shortly before then at the barn, the parties soon after left time. The distance from Lore's t my place; Nicholas gave the word of com- Barnier is about fifty acres. mand, to do so, saying, 'ho! ho! let us go, it is time.' Nicholas left the flag he had house they were running.... I ca brought with him at my place. I had seen who had the lead, I think Langi chartrand two or three times previously to one of the first, and that Nicholas w that period at my brother's; I do not know the middle of the line-there were if I saw chartrand or not that day; saw a six before Nicholas. man about ten acres from me, apparently Isaie Roy-Am a son of Eloi Roy going from my brother's house. It was ved with my father last fall -was in the bar hen I heard Nicholas give the word to when the prisoners came to my father's o eave, Nicholas lead the party, they went in the 27th November-when I went into the the direction of the man I supposed to have house saw Nicholas and many other perso. left my brother's house. Garant, Surpre- there, but cannot say if the other three prisnant and some others did not accompany oners were there. Nicholas had a flag ir the party. About twilight saw Langlois his hand. Surprenant asked me to go w and some others returning in the direction him to David Roy's ... said he wante of my house; asked them what they had done with their prisoner, they replied they had not been able to overtake him.

did not merit death for having said what The party then led him into the wood ... and that a meeting was to be previously had bayonets on their guns believed Ga-

itive one of the two) gave the command to and afterwards asked us what kind of death all events take chartrand; give us some at Beaujarret on the evening of the fire, and five of the party, in obedience to he should die. Beauliea teplied, we must chains to secure him, and we will confine 27th November last...was there early in the order immediately fired at Chartrand. shoot him. None raised a voice against it. him in your cellar; I refused the chains; the afternoon and remained till about twi-Beaulieu and Joseph Pinsonnault, were of They then, by command of Beaulieu and Nicholas then asked for a cord with which light... Petit Burnier is not far from Beaulieu the number of those who fired. Chartrand Nicholas, fired on the prisoner. Nicholas to bind him, I refused the cord likewise, janet, the farms of both places join. While fell, and in a few moments afterwards vain- had nothing in his hand-Joseph Pinson- and declared they should not have my cel- at Lore's I saw several persons passs who ly attempting to raise himself on his side, nault is the only prisoner who fired on that lar for their intended purpose. Then some came from the direction of the Grand Ligne implored them to finish him; thereupon occasion ... Joseph fired twice, Beaulien one of the party cried out, since we have -I recognize the prisoners as having been Joseph Pinsonnault, whose gun had been twice, Ouimet once. The place where this but place wherein to confine him, let us kill bim. Nicholas was the only one of the Nicholas. Asked one of the party, one fired at Chartrand. He was reluctant to near that. Etienne Langlois fired once, party I personally knew at the time, and Langlois, where they were going, but refire the second time, but did so in obedi-ence to orders. We then left the spot, him say any thing—after he fell did not here present. I believed the proposi-where he was going, and he replied he was although Chartrand still moved a little. again rise was leaning on his arm af tion to kill chartrand, to have been made in in pursuit of a man who was desirous of Neither Daunais nor Gideon Pinsonnault ter the first fire several shots were fired but jest. I advised them if chartrand had com- committing arson—they were all running... had fired. The place where the murder I know not by whom. Chartrand was left mitted any offence, to take out a warrant Nicholas called out or whistled to the othwas committed, is situated between two on the ground... I know not if he were alive against him, and cause him to be appreders in pursuit, and said to them, wait for hended. To this Nicholas replied, who the devil could take him in St. Johns? I am son among the number and called to him to

Cross-examined.... When they po

me direction of the a ter auto

cross-examined. 1 do not know that the party was commanded by Garant, I do commanded the party, I think possibly it not know that Garant and the party intend- was Garant. ed to go to St charles : some of the party said they were going there, others to Pointala-Mule, and others to St. Johns.

could ascertain Surprenant's reasons, being nothing to me on the way home. obliged to leave and speak to a person at Cross-examined ... Am twenty four years was then prepared, but chartrand, though nished me with a gun. Dadie Mailloux, he was my servant. A o'clock on the 27th November, Chartrand Surprenant to my house, but did not speak coloured camlet cloak, and a red sash, he in reference to the deceased.

going to St. charles: Garant left at the die; about the 27th Nov last I lived at Mr was in his barn when chartrand arrived, I head of the party to go to Eloi Roy's, Ga- Thomas Earl's; was on the morning of that went out, and acquainted Roy of chartrand's day commanded by Capt Rene Garant to arrival, before chartrand left he asked Roy Garant said that other parties were to meet accompany him to St. Johns; went with for the money, who stated he had none, and at Eloi Roys, it was the rendezvous, whence him to Mr. Eloi Roy's; Garant had five was not, moreover, obliged to give him any they would start for St. charles; they state or six others with him at Jacques Surpre his contract was not completed, that he was nant's-we met Mr. Nicholas one of the however going to town to sell oxen, and prisoners -- when we left Surprenant's, on his return would give him some. Whilst Nicholas carried a flag at the head of the chartrand and I were conversing at the party-we went to Mr. Eloi Roy's arri- window about twelve or fifteen patriots ved there before noon....whilst there Nich- passed the house headed by Nicholas, car olas went out-on his return he exclaimed, rying a flag, they went into Eloi Ro-By the chief Justice...l left all the pars Ho! let us go, it is time; about nine or ten left the house with him....they went came over from Eloi Roys', and

nier. Cross-examined-I do not know who

J. B. Tremblay-I live in the parish of Lacadie, on the 27th of November last, Garant commanded me to accompany a David Roy-Am a brother to last wit- party to the Grand Ligne. The prisoners ness. Of the four prisoners I know only Nicholas; I live next neighbor to my bro. Daunais and the two Pinsonnaults. More received the second fire he was dying.

In November last with several young men, last necessary in November last with several young men, last necessary last all drank. The party consisted, with my reload, the latter declined saying he would know not if the prisoners were of the party rand, he was a mason, and undertook to a flag, and carrying it, marched at the head finish the building I was causing to be of the party, we went to Eli Roy's, arrived erected. I remember that last fall chart. there about two P. M.; I stopped there rand called on me for money. It was on after the party left, I heard Nicholas give a Monday, subsequently to All Saints day. the command to leave the house, he and Did not give him any, as none was then the rest went towards St. Johns, I was at due to him, the work not being completed. Eloi Roy's when several of the party return-He remained an hour or two at my house: ed late in the afternoon, Daunais and the whilst he was there, Surprenant came to two Pinsonnaults, were of the number of the house, and taking me by the collar, led those who returned, did not hear them say me into another room, and asked me for what they had done, some one of them. chains and cords with which to secure called me a coward for not having gone chartrand as a prisoner in my house. Was with the party, left Roy's with Daunais and surprised and refused him, but before I the Pausonnaults, but they communicated

the door, Surprenant quitted the house and old, Garant was leader when I first joined, had proceeded to my brother's. Dinner went with Garant from fear, Garant fur-

invited, did not partake of any. After William Bourke-Lives in St. John's dinner saw Surprenant pass the house on am a carpenter, on the 27th November last his way home. I know the place called was working at David Roy's at the Grand Beaujarret. Left my place about one or Ligne, knew the late Joseph Chartrand, two o'clock in the afternoon. I know one he was a mason by trade. About eleven young man named Beaulieu accompanied arrived at David Roy's he wore a violet had a grey capot on, and was a man of cross-examined \_Surprenant is a tavern- large stature, had known him three years, keeper. It was about two or half past two he was a quiet, sober, and honest man of a very agreeable disposition, his business at François Surprenant,....Lives at L'Aca. Mr Roy's was to get money from him, Roy shortly after Surprenant and one Ber y's, shortly after Surprenant and one Ber y's, and ' alieu through the field...did not hear them talk nant took David Roy aside and spoke to remained about fifteen minutes, and a quar-

direction that Chartrand was pursuing, a week afterwards, was a stranger in the fices.

Garant.

Joseph Brethiaume-Lives at L'Acadie, knows only one of the prisoners Nicholas, lives at Beaujarret, Petit Barnier is the next concession to it, there is a small wood at a short distance from the Beaujarret road, at its termination and junction with Petit Barnier, this small wood is about three quarters of a league from David Roy's, the wood is about five acres in extent and situated on captain Eloi Roy's land. On the 27th November last was at the house of my employer's farmer, about thirtyacres from the wood, saw three men pass, they came from the Grand Ligne direction. The house in which I was is situated on the Beaujarret road, Henry Lore's house is about twenty arpents from where I was, Langlois and Beaulien were two of the three men I saw pass, they went in the direction of Beaujaret, spoke to Lauglois who made no reply soon after saw three or four of the men return, Nicholas was one of those who returned, they had a man clad in a blue cloak, red sash and cap. Langlois said they were taking that man along with them as a prisoner, saw them go towards the wood, all were armed but Nicholas. My employer caused me to remark the day as he deemed the circumstance suspicious.

The prisoners' Counsel declined cross mining the witness.

mçois Bourassa.—I know Joseph Bree, he has lived with me more than I have a farm on the Banjaret road f a farmer by the name of Ouimet. nth of November last was in the ny farmer, when Mrs Ouimet said oh! there's Mr. Chartrand ding it is not long since he pass-Mr. Roy's and there he is re ry hurriedly: in a minute or two the woman again exclaimed, all those young men running in the ad afterwards, ah! there's Etienne is running by with a gun on his er; looking out I saw Langlois as ented and several others also armed: diately went towards my house apensive at what I had seen. On my home, saw two men about 3 arpents me in the road, one of them, a large

wet two other y

one of whom at least was armed, but and

Cross examined...Does not know Petit Peace in November last, I know Mr. Mc. Hills affair. Let us look at it for a mo-Ginnis, the last witness; he came to me ment. on the 29th November last, and told me, it | Some twenty or thirty vagabonds, withone in the breast, (the ball occasioning fuss is raised, and in this very onlice a which appeared to have gone out at the proclamation, offering a reward for the ball also penetrating the body. Recogni. Sunday. Subsequently he, as well as most sed the deceased, whom I had long known of the gang, is taken. A special Commisdeceased had on a blue cloak and grey cap, which I had often seen him wear in St.

Cross-examined ... Was satisfied the de-

a human body.

Was not cross-examined.

Dr. James Crawford.... I have been a surgeon in the army about eighteen years. Heard the testimonies of Messrs. Bourassa, M'Ginnis and Macrae, and I think that both the wounds described, and brobably either, would be sufficient to produce George Arthur in one of his public docu-Am certain a ball fired at the ments, 'is not strained,' has been 'strained distance described would penetrate the bo- in their behalf.

[Here, it being later than six o'clock, following morning, Friday.]

the examination of:

J. Bte. Mailloux - I am of L'Acadie; him there once. He had undertaken to trial that he protested against the attack

who left Edol Roy's running in the same direction that Chartrand was pursuing, observed five going in the same direction, the deceased was struck by only two balls, the days of the first idiot, evar exhibited department we shall say nothing upon that observed nive going in the same direction, the deceased was structed of the control of the contr Wm. Macrae. I was a Justice of the the Government, have done in this Short this fail.

> was reported as already stated by him. The out name or nation, came over in arms for next day we went in search of the body, and the avowed purpose of 'taking Canada. near the wood were met by Mr. Roy, who So far as that went it was madness only; conducted us to where it was lying; an in- but they besieged and set fire to one dwelled and found to have received two wounds, guilt as well as madness. Well, a mighty back,) and the other in the abdomen, the chief of the gang, has to be printed on for a quiet honest and industrious man. sion is appointed to try them. Among Remarked no wound on the thigh. The the first who are tried is Morreau, the acknowledged leader of the expedition, in so far as its mere folly goes. He is found ceased had been struck by two balls on the coming over for the purpose acknowledged was madness only, and that there occasioned his death, at the distance at guilt as well as the folly, and virtually par I think that a gun would send a ball through the command of an expedition whose ob ject he thought was the liberation of a whole people. That people needed not his interference, & he was hanged for his pains. When, in addition to folly, crime was to be perpetrated, others took the lead. They are tried and convicted, but mercy, which

If it is the policy of Gevernment to con-Friday, the 7th September, 1838, at nine hundreds in our hearing-why was Morunhappy man would never have been enbere was a smaller there about nine or ten o'clock one morning take the command. Now here is this Beamis he remained there till two or er, who actually led the party to the attack, in the ofternoon. Whilst he who in his own person was guilty of arson order here is Chandler who

hat eight

an in-

lood ....

ain from searness youth, at who was conspicu- al principles? not take much notice as I was impatient to time in the house, conversing with me and ous in this affair...here is McLeod, who get home: heard several shots in the wood others; they spoke apart for nine or ten was pardoned once before for a similar alluded to, the extreme end of which is minutes, soon afterwards Chartrand left the crime here are all these vagabonds taken reau should have been execut doned-for to that it will come at last.

this policy on the part of our Government. We understand the Short Hills 'patriots' ginning.

From the Brockville Statesman:

and Petit Bernier, saw several of the men viously when he appeared to have been in we do care about the Government of our in God, but keep your powder dry. As the North American Empire. Provided country maintaining some kind of charactit is useless to warn the Government against they satisfy the opinions of our enemies in the people of Toronto who call themselves we say, Let your property be well watched all this? In the present Governor Gen-

FRELIGHSBURG, SEPTEMBER 18, 1838

The aspect of the times is certainly quest was held, when the body was exam- ing house, and robbed another ... that was gloomy. Men no longer meet and converse on political subjects with the same cheerfulness they were wont, and it seems impossible for them to talk of any thing else. The tone of voice becomes suited to the look, and both demonstrate more plainly than words the depth of feeling within. This is among the English raral population. Were it among those of the cities, it might wish the distinction to be kept in view, that dered at; because the population of cities are always speedily affected with sympa-Dr. Daniel Arnoldi....I have practised was positive unmitigated guilt in the sub-thethetic gladness or gloom. But the feelphysic and surgery for fifty one years. sequent transactions of the party. Mor- ings of the scattered inhabitants of the Have heard the account given of the wounds leau was the insane leader of a horde of country are not so actuated. It is long received by the deceased, Chartrand, and madmen...he was convicted of the folly & before excitement or depression reaches think either of the wounds sufficient to have hanged....the others are convicted of the them, and neither arrives unless the causes which the shots are said to have been fired, doned. Morreau was weak enough to take are general. There is an anticipation of disaster in every man's mind, such as we never before have seen. When the yeomanry of the borders were last year arming for the coming struggle, they did it with liveliness and alacrity. But matters are changed. There is no clear prospect according to Shakspeare, endorsed by Sir of danger, and yet men act as if some dreadful and unavoidable calamity were pending over their heads. If 'coming events, cast their shadows before, there must be the trial of the murderers of Chartrand, ciliate the disaffected, we can tell them they some awful convulsion in abeyance. The before a Jury of French Canadians. We the court adjourned till nine o'clock the have miserably failed. It will be asked ... lower animals seem sensible of the ap beg them to peruse that report, and to lay nay, the question has already been put by proaching tempest; the beasts of the field up this number of our paper, in order that o'clock, A. M., the court being constituted reau, the least guilty of the party, executed, seek their lair, the eagle himself his oyrie, they may shew their children an instance as it was the day before, the prisoners being while those who not only participated in ere it burst its violence on the silenced of French Canadian depravity, such as might placed at the bar, and the jury having ta- his crime, but actually seduced him into earth. Why should not man in virtue of be related of the vilest of villains. Let us ken their seats, the trial was resumed by the commission of it, are treated with lenity? We know that but for Beamer that thing of a parallel instinct? His animal Charles Rivet, lived there in November last with David gaged in the wild crusade which cost him instinct is, in most cases, governed and Antoine Pare, Roy. Knew Chartrand from having seen his life. It was proved in evedence on his directed by his mental faculties, but when Joseph D'Amou, the body is left for a moment to itself, as e in the road, one of them, a large min there once. The had difference to the had undertaken to the had and appeared finish David Roy's house, Chartrand came on the lancers.....that he actually refused to for instance on a sudden fall, instinct resumes its sway. May there not then be

Proximate causes of this general depres- Jurors who have now & sion may be found like pebbles on the sea the Majesty of Heaven by 'guilty' Beamer, &c. are allowed to go un- the French in this province, and yielded themselves with his blood, although the about the fortunate escape of these men from death, per se; but why should the than these could demand them. They of the murderers of the St. Johns Volumand saw there the body of Chartrand on about thirty-three arpents from Petit Bar- execution of the laws depend on a dictum have spurned the loyalists, and every one teer. No one can believe this an impossias capricious as it is inexplicable? It a- of their petitions for protection and for ble case. Look at the fiendish delight to an organized band who have been found possible way. The appointment to the ju-say if any thing is too infamous for a French guilty of the same crimes, simply be- dicial bench of Bedard, a man of low Canadian Jury. Not satisfied with the and cause they have in addition committed standing at the bar, whose only recomment nouncement of the foreman, each and all of high treason—the highest offence known dation under heaven was his paternity of the Jurors individually pronounced in a in law. In one word, Morreau was exe-the 92 resolutions, aimed a deadly blow at bravado voice 'Not Guilty;' & the French those who drove him mad, and steeped the colonial confidence in Imperial author- Canadians in court shouted because the their own souls in guilt, are virtually par-The filling up of commissions with the by their countrymen; but the blood of the Next winter will show the wisdom of names of men, who were at no pains to slaughtered Volunteer has not sunk heedconceal their treasonable opinions, have lessly into the Earth. Feelings which we are again on the move. We shall see by brought curses on the heads of the imbe- fear to analize, are taking possession of the and bye what will be the end of this be ciles, and disaster on our country. The English population, and thickening from retaining of such men after their hatred of day to day. Contemned by a government British connexion, has been proved by their which they in their turn regard with dis-We have lately received intimation, from flagrant treason, is more than aggravating trust, the loyalists have seen the pillars of several creditable persons; that an Invasion to those who perilled life and fortune for justice shaken, and now the bulwarks of not disclose the fact of his having seen the not return to the wood. Was not cross-ex- and Insurrection is intended; through the the integrity of the Empire. The screen- their freedom in ruins. To what hand shall converge of the coming full and winter by course of the coming fall and winter, by ing from justice, in hundreds of instances, we turn? To Parliament? We have the Americans, and disaffected Candians against the British Power, on this Conarmed attempt to murder the loyalists and ty.' To the Ministry? They have let Being confirmed in our opinion upon subvert the government, the throwing loose loose upon us robbers and assassins, & they this subject, by many palpable insinuations upon society accused and even convicted have heaped honors upon our deadliest foes: that a man was killed in Petit Barnier, and that the body was lying in a wood there, a wood there, are respited till the lst of October—that is, positive information; all conducing and than that they perpetrated their enormities in their sentences are commuted or will be, if Volunteers, to which corps Chartrand belonged, to seek for the body. Knew Chartrand well, he was a powerful man, but a quiet and inoffensive one. Found his body in the wood, and on examination perceived that the deceased had been wounded in the breast and also in the spine. Thinks the ball that entered the back came out of the abdomen, and that there was a correst the ball that entered the back came out of the abdomen, and that there was a correst the abdomen, and that there was a correst the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen, and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that there was a correst to the abdomen and that the body in the sound that the adesperate plot is now on foot, the mand of more are abdomen and that a desperate plot is now on foot, the mand of more are abdomen and that an explosion will be made, at a has still further aided in inspiring the gloo-tune and that an explosion will be made, at a has still further aided in inspiring the gloo-tune and that an explosion will be made, at a has still further aided in inspiring the gloo-tune and that an explosion will be made, at a has still further aided in inspiring the gloo-tune and that an explosion w Volunteers, to which corps Chartrand be not, like Sutherland, they are set at liberty minds; that a desperate plot is now on foot, the name of reform and of liberal opinions, But we have confidence in the Earl of the ball that entered the back came out of victed of high treason as be found guilty of the abdomen, and that there was a corresponding orifice in the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, much rather; stantly watched over them, and delivered them. ponding orifice in the back whence the ball pay. As soon, we said—ay, fluction to be cause in the one case we should be set them from so many dangers.

On the Government they can no longer the hordes of sympathising banditti in the contract of the ministry are framed out of regard to the ministry are framed out of regard t

eral, the Earl of Durham.

Throw off the gloomy apprehensions that MISSISKOUI STANDARD. now disturb your minds; in the projected measures of the noble Earl we are confident of an alleviation if not a removal of many of our hardships. In his talents and his firmness we have security that a more healthy policy will be practised towards this colony.

Give him your confidence that he is anx ious to redress your wrongs. Indulge no more an unmanly dread of coming evil. Assemble; tell him your wants and expectations. Tell him that the English population must be made no longer the victims of a Frenchifying policy, that the colony must guilty and executed accordingly. Now we be omnious, but not so much to be won be made English, English in soul and spirit immediately, and English in body as fast as possible. Above all, tell him that your confidence in French Judges and French Juries is utterly and hopelessly ruined. That you hate them, that you abhor their periured decisions and that the time has now come for the fulfilment of the royal pledge to establish English courts of justice for the Townships. Ask no more of your neighbour, what is to be done? Say yourselves what you are going to do. Make a beginning to emancipate yourselves from the Frenchmau's yoke, and the end, we stake our life for it, is within the compass of your own exertions.

> Michael Cadieux, Joseph Perras, Antoine Normandia, Francois Barbeau, Charles Morin,

Our readers will find to-day a report of

Tell us no more of the religion of the cases, in which the soul may speak to French Canadians, their harmlessness, or burglary—to say nothing of attempting the soul, as it were, and, in a 'still small their being 'dupes.' Amid what a popuvoice,' warn it, that the lights of its knowl- lation do we live! By what a frail tenure edge, the calculations of its judgment, are does an Englishman, in a colony of Englishman (Englishman) deceiving. Else how can those singular land, hold his property, his life. presentiments be explained on metaphysic- is dearer than life, the libert soul centres. The same

house and went towards Beaujarret; he under the wing of royal mercy. What, shore. Every act of the present ministry selves to acquit French Canadian muses habited as described by former witness let us ask, is the meaning of this? Why has been directed against the loyal part of ers, would gloat over the opportunity of is it that Lord Durham's maxim, justice the population. Lord Glenelg, and his co-sacrificing the life of an Englishman by the Cross-examined—Believed Nicholas to covards the guilty, mercy towards the misseleader because he carried the flag.

Cross-examined—Believed Nicholas to guided, is reversed? Why is it, we em-Julie Chamberlin-The wife of Ouimet phatically ask, that the 'misguided' Mor, ored to spread their foul radical doctrines in has only to indict a loyalist, and French ed while the colonies. For this they have nurtured Canadian Jurors will exult while they glut punished? We repeat, we care nothing concessions to our deadly enemies faster proof of his innocence be clear as the guilt mounts to this, that a single individual is justice. They have lacerated our feelings with which French Canadian Juries have to be punished for the minor crimes of argued and insulted our understandings in every son and robbery, while mercy is extended possible way. The appointment to the justice are the first three controls and insulted our understandings in every turned murderers loose upon society, and are the first to the justice.

about twenty arpents from my house; saw the smoke occasioned by the discharges, which were made about ten acres from the es. house: afterwards heard at least one shot, and enquiring of my neighbor who came be leader because he carried the flag. up at the time, what was the meaning of the firing, he replied that they had a pris- Bourassa's farmer .- This oner and he feared they were shooting him: saw the young men from a distance, leave Berthiaume and Bourassa. the point and disperse going towards Petit

dead body was lying in his point, he urged middle height, not armed, though the rest were ogo and examine the point, and I were, there were eight or ten altogether, agreed to accompany him; found the body lying on its face with its hands clasped beneath the head; afterwards when the bolied him across the fields to the wood, did

the Point there are several dwellings; did cumstance, till some time afterwards, did body from fear, there was great political amined. excitement pervading at the time, in that part of the country.

made by musket balls.

William M'Ginnis-Lives at St. Athanase....In November last, it was reported on the Government they can no longer the hordes of sympathising banditti in the penetrate through a human body. Ke-cognised the deceased, who was not at all changed, and did not alter in aspect till after the position of the body was changed. Had seen him on the Monday morning present the manner of the Government they can no longer the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the faithless assurances of countenance and proceed the hordes of sympathising banditti in the hordes of sympathising banditti

a a low ton

corroboated the testimony already given by

David Lore, -Lives at L'Acadie, near Bernier: next day I went alone to the point Beaujarret, lived there last autumn, lives the ground, did not approach the body nier. In November last I saw several peonearer than an acre and a half, but knew him by his cloak and dress: his body was him pass that day towards the Grand Ligne, lying in about the middle of the point saw him return that day between three & whence I saw the smoke proceed; told the four o'clock in the afternoon, he was alone, circumstance to no one but my wife. Next afterwards saw others pass, knew only one day went to see the Priest and communi- of them, Langlois, some of them were runcate the matter to him, afterwards attend ning, they passed through a part of my farm ed a meeting at captain Roy's, and was and afterwards the wood, one of them apthere told by him that it was reported a peared to lead the rest, he was a man of dy was examined before the Coroner's In- not hear reports of fire arms, cannot identiquest, it was found that the deceased had fy any of the prisoners as the leader spoken a wound in the lower part of the belly, and of. The following Wednesday morning another transverse, one immediately under went to the wood and saw a man lying there, the left breast; believes them to have been did not go near the man, thought the cir-

cumstance extraordinary, and imagined it Cross examined .... On the other side of might be Chartrand, told no one of the cir-

(conclusion next week.)

Upper Canada.

From the Niagara Reporter,

mineral waters, namely, the sick and the lame. All have left them with satisfaction and with improved health. They have been recommended by eminent Physicians as superior to the Saratoga Springs, and have been found peculiarly efficacious in cases of dispepsy, affections of the nerves, and of rheumatism. Several gentlemen from Missiskoui have visited these Springs, and declare themselves highly pleased with the urbanity and kind auxiety of Mr. Parker for the comfort of his guests.

The following address was presented by Mr. Parker to Sir George Arthur, on his Excellency's visit. The reply will be found below.

To his Excellency Major Gen. Sir George Arthur, Knight Commander of the Royal Hanoverian Geulphic order, Lieutentenant Governor of the Province of Upper Canada, and Major General Commanding her Majesty's Forces therein, The Address of William Parker, Acting and Resident Manager for the Chartered Company of the Caladonia Mineral Springs.

May it please Your Excellency:

I cannot adequately express the gratification & encouragement I now experience from the honor of Your Excellency's present visit to the Springs, and the hope of your further patronage, and the future sojourns of your estimable Family at this valuable watering place.

Surrounded as I am with a cloud of evidence, testifying the powerful and beneficial effects of these extraordinary waters, in removing the diseases and weaknesses to which the human family are liable, and well aware that under the administration of a Governor of your Excellency's varied experience and sound judgment, every important interest of this province must greatly flourish. I cannot conceal from myself that your Excellency will correctly estimate the great value of the Caledonia Springs to her Majesty's North American subjects, as presenting to them within their own country, the most powerful salubrious Mineral waters on this continent, and obviating the necessity of their resorting to other countries, or removing from under the happy influence of that state of society, and that form of Government, which they prefer; and thus, through your Excellency, I feel assured that the Springs will be commended be seek for health, and who

ard event has recently we persevere; and ourse of adding greatly to the accommndations, comforts, and pastimes of Caledonia. We have already a daily stage the majority of their compatriots were imto meet the Ottawa steamers, both upwards plicated. A few witnesses were then exand downwards, and when through the favor of your Excellency's Government, a Lawrence shall encourage us to place a daily stage on that line also, we feel that, be- against all the prisoners. The Jury then sides rendering the Caledonia Springs accessible, we shall have greatly tended to promote the settlement and prosperity of

ad connection of Enga

all this district of the province. On behalf, then, of all the people of Caledonia, & on behalf of the Company whom I represent, I beg leave to express my grateful thanks for your Excellency's auspicious visit. And my fervent wishes that health and happiness may long be continued to your Excellency and your Excellency's patriotic exertions in administering the government of this province may be crowned with honor and with overflowing suc-

> May it please Your Excellency, Your Excellency's Faithful Servant, WILLIAM PARKER. For the Caledonia Springs

Chartered company. Caledonia, 18th Aug., 1838.

ANSWER.

Steamer Ottawa, Point Fortenac, 1 18th Aug., 1838.

SIR,-In acknowledging the Address which you have transmitted to the Lieutenant Governor, on behalf of the Incorporaated company for which you act, and the Inhabitants of Caledonia, I am commanded by his Excellency to assure you that he he was tried, have refused atonement for his blood, and it calls aloud upon you for Mineral Springs.

His Excellency is satisfied that the war ters possess a great efficacy in relieving dispany have incurred in their endeavours to make these Mineral waters available to the

I have the honor to be, Sir, Your most obedient Humble servant, JNO. MACAULAY. MR. WILLIAM PARKER,

etc. etc.

'Loyal Manifestation' - One of captain Moore's troopers was attacked and almost killed by several French 'dapes' near St. Athanase, some fifteen days ago, because he was a soldier. Two of the said 'dupes' had but recently been let loose from jail, where they had been confined, charged with several horrible crimes. That was mercy to the misguided, punishment to the guilty;' the 'dupes' who attempted to murder the soldier were the 'misguided' and found 'mercy;' the soldier must have been 'guilty' for he received 'punishment.' What are we coming to?

Maine.....We learn from a gentleman who lett Gardiner, Maine, yesterday afternoon, that the mail from the East arrived just as the steamboat left the wharf, at 4. P. M. with intelligence that Governor Kent had appointed Messrs. Dean, Norton, and Irish, commissioners to run the boundary line! If this is true, and the commissioners immediately enter on their duties, consequences of a serious nature may be expected, which may lay the foundation of another war between Great Britain and

this country....[Boston Mer. Journal.] The statement is probably true enough, but we apprehend no such important consequences from the Governor's proceedings for reasons with which our readers are acquainted. We venture to predict that there will be neither war nor any other serious trouble resulting from the appointment or the proceedings of the commission-And our readers know that we do not make such predictions lightly. -[New

York com. Advertiser. The 'reasons' to which the commercial Advertiser alludes, refer, doubtless, to the understanding rumoured to have been come to between his Excellency the Governor General and Governor KENT, that the latter would not be interrupted, vi et armis, in the prosecution of his design .- [ Montreal Courier.]

Criminal Court.

Yesterday the four individuals charged with the murder of Chartrand were again brought to the bar and the court proceeded with their trial. The witnesses on the part of the Crown brought the charge con-clusively home against all the preoners and after their examination was finished, Mr-Charles Mondelet, on the part of the prisoners, addressed the Jury contending that the crime with which they ought to to have been indicted was High-Treason, and not murder, and that the Government dared not try them for a crime in which elicited from them. Mr. Attorney General Ogden closed the case by an able speech. more direct communication with the St. Chief Justice Reid charged the Jury, directing them to bring in a verdict of guilty retired for about half an hour, and returned with a verdict not Guilty, when a rebel cheer was attempted to be got up in the very Court house.

> would in the acquittal of the prisoners, and only, proves that the habitants are the most ignorant, and the most degraded race of human beings in the civilised globe. When the verdict was known out doors, it do we remember to have seen so much excitement, or to have heard such vows of revenge. The brother of the murdered Chartrand was in Court in a state of phrensied agitation, and we do not wonder at it. Before him were four men who, like savages placed their victim at a tree and deliberately killed him by a discharge of musketry; not because he had any hostile feeling against them but because he was honest and loyal; and near him were twelve men who the present measure, but to this it behoves committed what many call, a most wanton perjury, screening the murderers from jus- evil-aud I trust that a short recess, by The ancient law allowed a man to revenge his brother's death, and, if ever there was a case in which such a course cils for the future. was justifiable, it is the present. Deeply will this verdict rankle in the breasts of the volunteers, and, should the opportunity ever arrive, it will be avenged in blood. Yes Volunteers, one of yourselves has been basely murdered; your enemies, by whom deep, ample vengeance. His fate might have been yours, the very men who committed the vile atrocity are again at large

ors who can best test the efficacy of their for the expense and labors which the com- to punish offenders against it, they must agitation. I am afraid we shall have trounot be, on that account, allowed to escape. blesome times before long. [Montreal Herald.]

> From the Newfoundland Public Ledger Aug. 14 PROROGATION OF THE HOUSE.

On Monday the 6th instant, Dr Kielly, the surgeon of the Public Hespital at St. John, was standing near his house and alongside Mr. Kent a member of the Assembly, when he was applied to by a poor man for a ticket of admission into the Hospital, not because of bodily infirmity, but for want of proper sustenance, he referred him to Mr. Kent for relief .... as exhibiting one of those cases to meet which perhaps some legislative enactment might be desirable.' Mr. Kent then made reflections on the dietry of the Hospital, & called the doct. a cormorant & robber of the poor, who retorted, and put his fist near Mr. Kent's face.

Mr. Kent proceeded at once to the house of assembly, made a formal complaint of a breach of the privileges of the House, and the Serjant at Arms was ordered to arrest Dr. Kielley...he was soon taken in custody, but tendering bail, was released until the following day.

On Tuesday the House met, examined witnesses declared Dr. Kielley had been guilty of a breach of the privileges of the Assembly, and called upon him to apologise: the form of the apology was read to him, but he declared that to make the apology required would be contrary to his feelings, and to his own sense of honour.' He was then committed to the custody of the Sheriff, and lodged in the common gaol.

On Friday Dr. Kielley appeared before the honorable Judge Lilly, under a writ of Habeas corpus, when his discharge was moved for by Bryan Robinson, Eaq.

The Judge, without entering upon the question of the authority of the House of Assembly to commit for the alleged contempt, upon which point he would give his judgment on an early day, ruled that the commitment was deficient in those essentials necessary to constitute it legal, and therefore discharged the prisoner.

'On the following day the House of Assembly met, and the Speaker, on motion, proceeded to issue warrants against Dr. Kielley-the High Sheriff who liberated him in obedience to the mandate of the Judge-and finally against the Judge himself! whereupon the Serjeant-at-Arms, with several others, repaired to the Judges chamber, where they found Judge Lily, engaged with two other barristers of the court, when they laid violent hands upon the Judge, forcibly pulled him from the room, and Walsh, the doorskeeper of the Assembly, seizing by the collar, dragged him in the most brutal and savage manner from the top of the stairs to the bottom, and thence through the lobby into the Speaker's room! They then pro the office

were paraded through the streets, and a mob of people, and taken out to the residence of the Serjeant at Arms, in whose custody they remained. Such was the savage violence with which the fellow Walsh conducted himself, that the Judge's hand was much hurt in the attempt to save himself from being thrown headlong over the

'Dr. Keilley was fortunate enough to find shelter in the house of a friend, and succeeded therefore in escaping the new indignity intended for him.

On Monday the 13th at 2 o'clock, His Excellency the Governor attended by his Suite, proceeded to the Legislative council chamber and prorogued the Assembly with the following Speech :-

. Mr. President and Honorable Gentle-The trial ended, as many supposed it men of the Council.

'Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly.

'It having been represented to me that an Assistant Judge in the Supreme court has been arrested by order of the House excited not surpise, but indignation and of Assembly in consequence of a decision feeling of deep rooted hatred and revenge made by him in his Judicial capacityon the part of the loyalists, a feeling which will yet tell fearfully. Never, executed on the receipt of inteligence of Col. Gore having deen discomfitted at St. Denis, sion, I feel compelled to have recourse to progation for the purpose of putting a stop to proceedings which independently of any question, as to their legality seem wholly unsuited to the character & condition of the colony, and calculated to subvert that respect which is due and which is highly expedient that all classes of society should render to the administrators of the Law in the

> 'Some inconvenience must result from us to submit for the avoidance of greater affording opportunity for reflection, may have the effect of producing calmer coun-

exercise of their functions.

It was then annonced that the Legislature was prorogued until Monday next, the 20th

The Prisoners were of course released.

The following is an extract from a letter dated ' Seigniory of Noyan, August 21's.... 'We are again led to believe that the Pattriots are preparing to come in and kill and plunder. Cote and Gagnon have been at champlain for some time, and the canadians on the world, and the impunity with which have been flocking over there from this side ease, and considers them highly valuable to they have committed one murder, may in- of the line. It is said that Cote has been the people of the provinces, from whom his duce them to make a similar attempt on a swearing them all to be true to his standard. Excellency trusts that you will receive such ny of you. One foul outrage upon society I Went over this day to Champlain to sate support and patronage as will compensate der and apparent perjury.—If the law is and a few canadians lurking about the tayyou not only for the loss sustained by the insufficient for our protection, we must ern. While there, I was told that Cote is recent destruction of your Hotel, but also protect ourselves, and if it is insufficient doing every thing in his power to keep up

The Halifax Times states, that it was currently reported at Falmouth, when the last packet left, that the mails for the Lower Provinces would shortly be forwarded by

#### Notice.

HEREAS my son Leonard, has left my house without the least provoca-tion, this is to forbid each & every per-son from harboring or trusting him, as I shall be under the necessity of prosecuting any one for so doing.
PHILIP TITTEMORE.
Cooksville, Sept. 17, 1838.

Strayed,

From the subsciber, on the 11th inst, a small white Sow PIG, with a few red Bristles on her back. Any information respecting said pig will meet with a liberal reward. J. D. GILMAN

## OATS.

ANTED a few bushels of oats; for which cash will be paid. Enquire at this office.

Sept. 11th 1838.

#### \$3 Reward.

The Subscriber offers a reward of 3 dollars for correct information concerning the Damage done to her horse cart, on the night of the 30th August last.

Cooksville, Sept. 1st 1838.

#### Farm for Sale.

THE Subscriber offers for Sale a valuable farm comprising 250 acres of the best of land...150 of which are in a nigh state of cultivation. This farm is situated about one mile couth of the village of Phillpsburg, on the stage road, and within one mile of the Province Line. Its locality is delightful, it is well watered and extremely fertile. A large Ben of Marle is found on the premises, the value of which need

not be specified.

The buildings which are in good condition con-

A Dwelling House 30 by 50 feet. A Wood-shed and Waggon house 24 by 56 feet. A Barn 30 by 40 feet.

and.

A Barn 30 by 60 feet. together with

A large quantity of farming utensis and a fine body of Stock if required. Terms of payment easy. For particulars apply to the Proprietor on the premises. A Cattle shed 24 by 42 feet.

St. Armand West, 21st

will return or give information where she may be found, will be handsomely rewarded.
SHUBEL SMITH.
St. Armand East, August 21, 1838,

Salt.

RUSSELL & ROBERTS.
Missiskouf Bay, August, 1838.

Notice

This is to certify that J. H. Wessher has abused Mary Minore and advertised her, and she does not wish to stay with him any longer, she will provide for herself and children from this

date and if he does meddle with her he will be

tried by other means,...she thinking it full time to leave him, when he has taken a razor to cut

her throat with and left her entirely destitute with 5 children; to provide food for them she was obliged to sell her bed.

For Sale,

Y the subscriber, for cash, a few barrels of first rate PORK, by the barrel or pound.

WALTAK FARNHAM.

Notice.

ing away sand or any other matter from within the enclosures of the subscriber, on pain of being

Frelighsburg, August 13, 1838.

Spring Goods

New Goods.

HE subscribers having removed from Cooks-ville to Missiskoui Bay, have just received good supply of SPRING & SUMMER.

Goods;

which, together with their former stock, makes

their assortment complete.

They offer their goods at such reduced prices that they feel confident of receiving their chare

of the public patronage.

They invite their old customers and the

public generally to call' and examine prices and

Missiskoul Bay, July 16, 1838.

Most kinds of produce will be received in

A. & H. ROBERTS.

J. KEMP and CO. have received an acc J. KEMP and CO. have received an associate sortment of Spring Goods, which will be sold as low as at any store in the County for

All persous are hereby cautioned against carry

St. Armand, July 24, 1838.

for Cash, by

August 26th, 1838.

prosecuted for trespass.

cash or most kinds of produce.

xchange for Goods,

one ear cropped, t foretop. Whoever

BUSHELS Liverpool

SALT just received per the Schooner Cynthia, and for Sale VERY LOW

JACOB ASINGS; ISABEL WESHOW

#### Ladd's Patent SCALES.

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for LADDS PATENT SCALES, begs to ecomend them to Merchants and others, for heir cheapness and superior structure. He has

Patent Potable Scales; an article admirably adapttd for Merthants' use, being of a convenient size and unquestionable cor-rectness. Orders for Rail Road or Hay Scales promptly executed.

W. W. SMITH Missiskoul Bay, June, 23, I:38.

WANTED.

I On 12 Tons of Good

H. M. CHANDLER. Frelighsburg, 24th July 1838.

#### Beware!

HE subscriber having lost the two notes of hand following, viz:—one dated the 10th Nov. 1835 for £4 10 Cy. drawn by Philip Ruister, in favor of George Gardner, due ten days after date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for £2 10 Cy. drawn also by Philip Ruister, in favor of George Gardner, due on the 1st January, 1836, and both indorsed to the subscriber; therefore warns all persons against purchasing or negociating the same,

P. COWAN. Nelsonville, Dunham, 9th July, 1838.

#### Notice.

The subscriber has on hand, and intends keep-Cabinet ware & Chairs.

Cooksville, May, 1838.

#### HATS!

A NEW ESTABLISHM



HE Subscriber has taken the House owne and formerly occupied by the late George Cook, Esq., at Cooksville, (St. Armand,) and fitted it up for the accommodation of Travellers. It is situated three miles West of Frelighsbur.

DS, among which are comprised 50 Chests & half do. Hyson Skin



25 do. do Young Hyson, 10 do. do Souchong,

10 Bags superior Coffee, 10 do. Papper and Spice,

2 Tierces Salaratus, 20 Kegs Tobacco,

10 Boxes Cavendish do. 5 Bbls Paper

-ALSO-Benthuson's superior chewing Tobacco

6 Bales Brown Shirting, Batts, Wicking, etc. etc.
All of which he offers for sale Wholesale or Retail, at unusually low prices.
W. W. SMITH

June 23, 1838.

CHURCHVILLE STORE!!!

HE subscriber is now opening and offers for sale a very general and carefully selected assortment of Goods suitable for the season; among which are comprised;— Dry Goods, Teas,

Tobacco, Rum, Brandy, Wine, H. Gin, Salmon, Dry Cod Fish, Salt,



# Grass Scythes,

Cradling do., Scythe Stones, Grind Stones, Confec-

tionaries, Almonds, Nutmegs, Loaf Sugar. Raisins, Epsom Salts Sulphur, astor Oil, , Camphor, Opium, Paints, Oils, Turpentine, &c. &c. &c.

All which will be disposed of upon such terms for ready pay, as will render it advantageous for the old friends & customers of the Churchvill Store, to make purchases, and they are respecte fully solicited to call and examine quality o-goods and prices...." for the days of Aud Lang Syne."

JOHN E. CHURCH Churchville July 3, 1838.

Amid embowering trees,
The echo of the myriad feet.
That falls on pavements fair,
Of glittering, dazzling gold that gleams
In untold brightness there.

The music of the pearly gates,
When back by angels flung,
Admitting there a ransomed soul,
Their sinless band among;
The silvery sound that's swelling up
When flows the stream of life,
The rustle of the emerald leaf, With healing virtues rife.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the end of six months. If paid in advance Is. 3d. will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the will be deducted. It delayed to the close of the year 1s. 3d. will be added for every six months delay. Grain and most kinds of produce taken in payment, if made by or before the expiration of the first nine months.

o paper discontinued, except at the discretion blishers, until arrears are paid

s and nine pence; every subsequent ineven pence half penny.

e ten lines, 3d. per line for the first in-

Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be Inserted till forbid in writing and charged accor-

#### STANDARD AGENTS,

tington, St. Albans, Vt. son Stukely

PPOSITE the Court House, St. Aibans, has just received a good assortment of Gold Beads, fine and jeweler's gold, finger rings, both plain and sett; ladies and gentlemen's Breast Pins, watch keys and Scals.

C. H. HUNTINGTON.

29th May, 1838.

H. HUNTINGTON would take this opportunity to inform his friends and cus-tomers that he has just returned from New York with a general assortment of watches, silver spoons, gold beads & jewellery which he offers at reduced prices, at his shop opposite the Court House, St.

Eight day brass clocks manufactured and warranted correct time keepers. Clocks and watches repaired at short notice and on reasonable terms

To the Inhabitants of the County of Missiskoui.

The Montreal Auxiliary Bible Society, having resolved to supply evry destitute family in the Province with a copy of the Holy Scriptures, either by sale or gift; and having with the blessing of God made considerable progress in the work, are anxious to complete it as soon and as efficiently as possible. They have found it necesary to employ visiting Agents to ascertain the destitution and to give an opportunity to all the friends of the cause to contribute to the funds of the Society. For this County they have been as they have some and the funds of the society. For this County they have been as they have the funds of the society. the Society. For this County they have secured the serices of Daniel Campbell, Esq., who is fully anthorised to collect funds as well as to dispose of Bibles. It is hoped that he will be welcome at every house, and that all who have the means will contribute liberally to this good cause.

In behalf of the Montreal A. B. Society
W. F. CURRY,

General agent. Missiskoul, August 6th, 1838.

#### Notice.

Persons found trespassing on lot number 3, in the second range of Dunham, formerly known as the Bass lot, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of law.

JAMES BADGER.
Dunham, 6th August, 1838.

#### New Goods.

7 SHE Subscribers are now receiving at their Store opposite C. Bowen's Hotel, in Berk, skire Vt., a splendid assortment of New Goods,

Dry Goods, Wet and Dry Groceries, Crockery, Glass and Hardware, Cast Steel, Nails, Nail Rods, Drugs and Medicines,

Berkshire, June Ist,

P. H. Knowlton, Brome.
Samuel Wood, Farnham.
Whipple Wells, Farnham.
Wm. Hickok Cooksville,
Henry Boright, Sutton.
Levi A. Coit, Potton.

Persons wishing to become Subscribers to the Missiskoui Standard, will please to leave their names with any of the above Agents, to whom also or at the officein Freichsburg all psynoty.

### WOOLLEN FACTORY.

caltivated in Great Britain is found to succeed in this District, amply repaying the labours of its determined not to be out done in any of the above branches of business, by any of the neighboring Factories, as no pains or cost has been spared to employ the best and most experienced workmen; and he hopes to give general satisfaction to those and he hopes to give general satisfaction to those who will entrust their work to his experienced workmen; and the hopes to give general satisfaction to those who will entrust their work to his experienced workmen; who will entrust their work to his care

and six pence per yard—or one half.

Common Grey—two shillings per yard—or one

Flannel-one shilling and three pence per yard Prices of Carding and Cloth

WOOL will be carded at four cents per pound,

Fulling shearing (once) & pressing; five pence per yard cash down, six pence per yard payable the ensuing winter, and seven pence half penny per yard if not paid until the end of the year.

St Armand, May 22d 1838.

TO PRINTERS.

White & W. HAGAR, respectfully inform the printers of the United States, to whom they have been individually known as established Letter Founders that they have formed a copartner ship in said business, and from their united skill and extensive experience, they hope to be able to give satisfaction to all who may favor them with

give satisfaction to all who may favor them with their orders.

The introduction of machinery in the place of the tedious, & unhealthy process of casting type by hand a desideratum by the European founders, was by American ingenuity, and a heavy expenditure of time and money on the part of our senior partner, first successfully accomplished. Exensive use of the machine cast letter has fully tested, and established its superiority in every particular over those cast by the old process.

The letter Foundry will hereafter be carried on by the parties before named under the firm of

by the parties before named under the firm of White, Hagar & Co. Their specimen exhibits a complete series, from Diamond to Sixty-four lines

complete series, from Diamond to Sixty-four lines
Pica. The book a new type being in the most
modern light and style.

White, Hagar & Co., are agents for the sale of
Smith and Rust Printing presses, which they can
furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices.
Chases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Ink and every
article in the printing business, kept for sale and
furnished on short notice. Old type taken in

#### Lailoring.

The subscriber takes the present opportunity to return to his friends and the public, his sincere thanksfor the liberal support he has received for the last ten years; & begs to intimate, that he has removed his establishment to the house lately oc-cupied by Dr. Frary, where he is ready to perform every kind of work in the line of his busi-

ness, with promptitude.

The subscriber begs also to assure his customers, that he will do his utmost endeavors to continue to deserve the patronage with which he has been favored, by unremitting attention to business and to the execution of work put into his hands.

He will be ready at all times to make up garments of every description, according to the latest fashions, with despatch and at a cheap rate. Cutting...in all its various branches, as usual

JAMES McCANNA. Frelighsburg, May, 1838.

Land Agent and Accountant. HE undersigned begs to intimate having also commenced the first of the above branches, and respectfully invites individuals having real estate to SELL or LET to place it in his

Believing that satisfactory transfers of real estate can seldom be made without personal inspec-tion, he proposes to act only as a medium, through whom the seller can advertise cheaply and effi-ciently, and the buyer be guided in his choice. In accordance with this view he has opened \*BOOKS OF REGISTRY,

in which descriptions of property for SALE or Which, with their former stock, makes a ved desirable assortment which they will exchant for Butter, Ashes, Footings,

Butter, Ashes, Footings,

Leavens' & Leavens'

LEAVENS' & when over that D5: for succeeding quarters half d all 'nmunicatio a to be post

was the p. y references as to the correctness of the descriptions will be required.

JAMES COURT, Montreal 21st. August 1837. V2.-20 2 St Joseph Street (near the whaf m



To Engrants and others in search of Lands for Settlement.

HE BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, incorporated by Royal

Lands for Settlement.

I HE BRITISH AMERICAN LAND COMPANY, incorporated by Royal Charter and Act of Parliament, offer for Sale a number of FARMS under good Cultivation and ready for immediate occupation—TOWN LOTS, MILLS and MILL SITES, and WILD LANDS, in portions of any extent from 50 Acres upwards.—These Properties are situate in the District of St. Fraucis in the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, one of the most flourishing portions of British America. They are held under the Soccage Tenure, direct from the Crown free of all feudal burdens whatsoever. The Eastern Townships are centrically situated, and stated of from 50 Acres upwards.—They are held under the Soccage Tenure, direct from the Crown free of all feudal burdens whatsoever. The Eastern Townships are centrically situated, and stated of from 50 Acres upwards.—They are well watered and possessed of excellent koads. The soil is equal in fertility to that of any part of the Continent. The appearance of the Country is highly pictures are and the Climate is eminently salubrious. Every description of Grain & Root Crops cultivated in Great Britain is found to succeed in this District, amply repaying the labours of its

Company in 1836, now contains a large and thri-ving population, principally British Agricultural-ists; two Villages with Mills, Stores, Taverns, &c.; and is laid open to the accession of persons of capital and respectability desirans of forming a future independence for themselves and their fam-

The Prices of the Company's Lands vary according to circumstances, from Five Shillings per Acre and apwards. The Terms of Sale are accordingly advantageous, six years being allowed for payment by annual instalments. The Eastern Townships are reached from Quebec, Montreal and Port St. Francis on the St. Lawrence, by direct roads from these places, and from New York via the Hudson River, Lake Champlain, Burlington, and Stanstead.

Application may be addressed to the Commissoners of the Company, at Sherbrooke, Lower Canada. The Prices of the Company's Lands vary accor-

Sherbrooke, April, 1838.

#### Notice.

HE business in the Factory of the Hon Robert Jones, in the village of Bedford ABRAHAM FRELIGH;

3 cents per pound, cash down—
4 cents payable the ensuing winter—
5 cents after that time

Persons entrusting property to his charge may rely upon punctuality and dispatch—most kinds of produce received in payment for work done.

Bedford, May 29th, 1838.

#### James Russell, BOOKSELLER & STATIONER, All persons indebted to me, by note or book account, must make immediate payment, if they wish to save cost.

## Blank-Book

Manufacturer, St. Albans,

EEPS constantly for sale, an extensive assortment of School, Classical & Miscellaneous Books and Stationary, consisting of nearly every article called for in his line, which are received directly from the Publishers and manufacturers, and will be sold or cash at a small advance from cost.

Purchasers are invited to call and examine be fore purchasing elsewhere.

#### Blank-Books

of every description, if not on hand, will be ruled and bound at short notice. St. Albans, Vt., Dec. 27, 1837.

OFFICE OF CROWN LANDS DEPARTMENT OF WOODS AND FORESTS. Quebec 22d August, 1838.

UBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, that the Annual Sale of Licences to cut Timber in the Districts of Quebec, Three Rivers, and Montreal, will take place at this office on THURSDAY, the 13th September, at Noon, and for the District of Gaspe, in Carleton, the Office of William McDonald, Esqr., the Agent of the Land Department for that District, on MONDAY, the 1st day of October next at Noon.

The upset price of Oak Timber per 11-2d Red Pine. Red Pine, Cubic 1d. White Pine, foot. 1-2d. Red Pine Saw Logs of 12 feet, @ 71-2d. White Pine do. do. @ 5d. Spruce do. do. @ 21-2d. Spruce do. do. @ 21-2d. Nonsenumerated Timber, at the rate of £10 on

CONDITIONS.

One fourth of the purchase money down; the remainder to be paid on the 1st October, 1839, for which a bond will be requiwith sufficient sureties .- The whole payable in coin current in the Province.

Persons intending to purchase, are to lodge a specification of the tracts on which they wish to bid for Timber, which is to be filed on the day previous to the Sale. When Licences are required on survey-

ed Land, the lots and ranges of the Townships to be specified. All persons holding Licenses are, on be-

ing requested so to do, to present them to the forest rangers, who may be appointed by this department to visit Timber Berths in the several Districts.

The several Newspapers published in this Province, are requested to insert the above advertisement once a week, in their September next; but those offices which issue more than one paper, will insert the above only in that which they consider their leading publication.

### Card.

HE Subscriber begs leave to inform the in-habitants of Philipsburg and its vicinity that he still continues the

#### Tailoring

usiness in its various branches at his old stand

Day Street.

Having made arrangements to receive the last Northan and Southern FASHIONS, and The U. STATES.

To induce subscribers to forward their names test Northan and Southern FASHIONS, and and, in returning his thanks for past favors, he hopes by unremitted attension, so secure a continuance of them.

Cutting done in the most approved style, at the shortest notice, for which nothing bot Cash will be received.

DANIEL FORD,

#### NEW GOODS, FOR SALE.

VI UNSON & Co. have received and offer for Sale a full and well selected supply of



Dry Goods; Groceries, Hardware, Crockery,

DRUGS, -ANDmedicines

addition to their usual supply : Confectionaries, Perfumery, Carrageen, or Irish Moss, Candied, Citron, for Cakes,

Evan's Lancets, Parasols, &c. &c. They will exchange with pleasure for CASH, Butter, Lumber, &c. &c. Philipsburg, July 3 1838.

### Tin Ware FACTORY.

& C. Pierce would respectfully inform • the public that they have commenced the above business at Stanbridge East Village, where they will be ready to execute all orders in their line of business with promptitude and on reason able terms.

They also manufacture all kinds of sheet iron such as stoves, pipe, &c. Eave troughs made to

All kinds of repairing done on short notice. Stanbridge, Aug. 20 1838.

Look At This

ANSON KEMP. St. Armand, 26th June, 1838.

#### Astray,

INCE the middle of April, twenty eight fine SHEEP; branded E. J. S., and tails ent close. Whoever will give information to the subscriber concerning the same, will be liberally

DANIEL WESTOVER. Dunham, 2d June, 1838.

## A New Work!

On the first of July, 1837, will be pub. lished, beautifully printed on good pasper, of an extra large royal size, & neatly stitched in a colored

cover, the first number of a new periodical work entitled

#### THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE. Edited by

WILLI M E. BURTON. To whom all original Communications will be

Addressed. The announcement of a new Periodical, in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise, but having contemplated an alteration in the nature of a very popular monthly publication, 'Every Body's Album,' the proprietors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor will at once place the Gentleman's Mag-azine in a circulation at once equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the

proprietors. The contents of the Gentlemen's Magazin will, in every respect be answerable to the meansing of the title. We do not pretend, in our liter rary pursuits, to fly as 'eagles soar, above the ken of man,' nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground ;our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acu-men in matters 'caviare to the milton.' In short men in matters 'caviare to the milton.' In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book...an epitome of life's adjunctives...al literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gentleman in the United States.

In the varied and ample page of contents at tached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found from some

zine, original articles will be found from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and diadactic...graphic delineations o men and manners...free and spirited translation respective languages until the 11th day of of the lighter portions of the Literature of contie

> song, not otherwise to be obt. with the music, in every The Gentleman's Magaz... ty-two extra sized octavo pages, of each, forming at the close of the year, two and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octave page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAP-

and first rate workmanship, the public will find at his stand inducements seldom to be met with and by returning his thanks for the public will find tages of which proposition can be advantaged by returning his thanks for the selfon to be met with and by returning his thanks for the selfon to be met with a selfon to for a few months only. The subscription to the Gontleman's Magazine, will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum payable in advance...but a five dollar bill will produce two copies to the same direction, or a club of ten dollars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to Charles Alexander, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet the carliest atten-

Canadian Christian Examiner & Presbysterian Review.

Published at Niagara, U. C.

THIS Work contains Original Essays, Letters, Reviews, on Doctrinal and Practical subjects in Religior. Dissertations on Ecclesiastical Discrete Polity on Suber Peninds of the History. Reviews, on Doctrinal and Practical subjects in Religior. Dissertations on Ecclesiastical Discipline and Polity—on Select Pealods of the History of the Church—on education—on laws affecting public morality, &c. Sketches of the lives of eminently useful and "holy men. Suboodinate articles, original or selected, on therise, progress, and character of any particular modern heresy—on schemes for promoting the kingdom of Christ—remonstrances against prevailing sins—letters on the spread of Religion in any particular locality, &c. Registers of the proceedings of various Ecclesiastical bodies—of the General assembly, and of Synods and Presbyteries in Scotland—of th Synod of Uester—of Presbyteries in England—of Synods and Presbyteries in the British Colonies—and of various Religious bodies throughout the world. Reports of Missionary Societies—communications from Missionaries, under the directions of the Synod of Canada—records of facts in Science and natural History, illustrative of Divine wisdom and goodness. Summaries of political intelligence, domestic, national and foreign.

The Christian Examiner is published in the beginning of every month, each number consisting

beginning of every month, each number consisting of 32 pages, stitched in colored paper. forwarded to subscribers by mail or otherwise, at 10s. per annum, payable in advance.
ARMOUR & RAMSEY, Agents.

## Book-Binding

BLANK BOOK MANUFAC-TURING.

HE Subscribers respectfully offer their sers vices to the public in the above business. Old books re-bound, pamphlets, periodicals, news papers, &c. &c. bound to order on short notice and on reasonable terms, in a manner not to-be beat in this vicinity. Blank Books of every description ruled to pattern and bound to order.

All orders sent by mail or otherwise wil meet with prompt attention.

HUNTINGTON & LYON.

College Street, Burlington, Vt.

There's music in the upper Heaven—
The choral notes that swell,
Are sweeter fuller, richer far
Than human lips can tell,

The gliding rush of countless wings, Borne on the swelling breeze, That wafts the rustling music by

And then the tide of melody,
That swells and bursts, when rings
The New Song in that far off world,
That thrilling rapture brings;
But, awed, we may not note its power,
Its depth we cannot sound,
Unfathomed, fathemless, it rolls
In glorious might around.

TERMS.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged

RATES OF ADVERTISING. lines and under, two shillings for the first a, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. six lines and not evereding ten, two

A liberal discount to those who advertise by

& S. Reid, Stanstead.

P. Cowan, Nelsonville, Dunna.
Albert Barney, P. M. Churchville. Abner Potter, Brome. Jacob Cook. P. M. Brome. P. H. Knowlton, Brome.

also, or at the office in Frelighsburg, all payments

## Watches.

and Swiss watches, just received and for sale at the jewellery shop opposite the Cour House, St. Albans, Vt. by C. H. HUNTINGTON. May, 25th, 1838. ILVER table, desert, tea, cream, salt and mus taid spoons, sugar tongs, watch chains, spectacles, ever point pencils, toothpicks, Thim bles; and tape needles just received at the Jewellery Shop, opposite the Court House St. Adbans, Vt.

YLINDER, alarm, repeating & English, French

C. H. HUNTINGTON. .29th May, 1838 LAIN and tipped flutes, fifes, clareonet reeds bass viol and vipled flutes, files, clareonet reeds bass viol and violin strings, percussion caps and pills; water paints, letter seals, ivory eyelets, pins, needles, goggles and spectacles, to suit all ages; steel and ribbon watch chains, steel and gilt keys; hair pins, tweezers and ear picks, guard chains, beads hookand eyes, &c. &c., just received and for sales theap for cash, by

C. H. HUNTINGTON. ust received and for sale, opposite the Court House, St. Albans, Vt., German silver guard chains, German silver table, tea and desert spoons, German silver mounted spectacles, also, Plated Table and tea spoons, sugar tongs and soup ladles.

sugar tongs and soup-ladles.

C. H. HUNTINGTON. f 29th May, 1838.

HELL and horn twist, combs, shell and horn side combs, ivory and horn pocket combs and fine tooth ivory combs; hair, tooth and shaving brushes; pocket books and wallets, silk, cotton and leather purses, scissors and razors, pocket, pen and dirk knives, Pome-roy's superior razor straps just received and for sale chean. by

for sale cheap, hy
C. H. HUNTINGTON. Opposite the Court House, St. Albans, Vt. 29th May, 1838.

RITTANNIA coffee pots, tea pots, tumblers, ink stands, shaving boxes and revolving castors with from four to six bottles; brass candleboxes, stuffers and trays; tea bells, suuff boxes, sun dials and pocket compasses, sun glasses, steel busks, Elastic ties, &c. for sale cheap by

C. H. HUNTINGTON. Specification of the Court House, St. Albans Vt., 20th May, 1838.

&c. &c.

Oh! I say, Mr. Printer.

The following are the terms for which Cloth will be manufactured from good clean wool;...
Coloured cloths, of all kinds at two shillings

Dressing.

woo'll will be carded at four cents per pound, cash down; five the ensuing winter; six at the end of the year.

Folling and colouring (all colours except Indigo Blue) will be done in the best style for ten pence per yard if paid down; one shilling per yard payable the ensuing winter; one shilling and three pence payable at the end of the year.

Flannels, of all colors, seven pence half penn e yard, cash down; eight pence per yard paya ble the ensuing winter; nine pence per yard payable at the end of the year. Cloth and most kinds of produce, received in payment. He would inform the public that he has now a good assortment of of Cloths on hand, and those that wish to purchase a serviceable article or will exchange wool for cloth, win to both prices and quality.

OMIE LAGRANGE. wool for cloth, will do well to call and examine

will the a workman of acknowledged abilities and experience...WOOL will be carded at the following